Use the concepts and vocabulary of prime numbers, highest common factor, lowest common multiple, prime factorisation, $u=$ including using product notation and the unique factorisation theorem
Round numbers and measures to an appropriate degree of accuracy (e.g. to a specified number of decimal places or significant figures)
Interpret standard form A $\times 10 \mathrm{n}$, where $1 \leq \mathrm{A}<10$ and $n$ is an integer Plot graphs of equations that correspond of equations that correspond to straight-line graphs in the coordinate plane
Identify and interpret gradients and intercepts of linear functions graphically and algebraically

Recognise, sketch and interpret graphs of linear functions and simple quadratic functions
plot and interpret graphs of non-standard (piece-wise linear) functions in real contexts, to find approximate solutions to problems such as simple kinematic problems involving distance and speeds
Use and interpret algebraic notation including a2b in place of $\mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{a} \times \mathrm{b}$, coefficients written as fractions rather than as decimals

## Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of factors

Simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions by taking out common factors and simplifying expressions involving sums, products and powers, including the laws of indices
Substitute numerical values into scientific formulae
Rearrange formulae to change the subject
Measure line segments and angles in geometric figures, including interpreting maps and scale drawings and use of bearings
Identify, describe and construct similar shapes, including on coordinate axes, by considering enlargement
Interpret plans and elevations of 3D shapes
Use scale factors, scale diagrams and maps
Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets from univariate empirical distributions through appropriate measures of central tendency (median, mean, mode and class) and spread (range, including consideration of outliers) Apply statistics to describe a population
Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets from univariate empirical distributions through appropriate graphical representation involving discrete, continuous and grouped data
Use and interpret scatter graphs of bivariate data

## Recognise correlation

Generate terms of a sequence from either a term-to-term or a position-to-term rule
Deduce expressions to calculate the nth term of linear sequences
Solve linear equations with the unknown on both sides of the equation
Find approximate solutions to linear equations using a graph
Relate relative expected frequencies to theoretical probability, using appropriate language and the $0-1$ probability scale
Record, describe and analyse the frequency of outcomes and probability experiments using tables
Construct theoretical possibility spaces for single experiments with equally likely outcomes and use these to calculate theoretical probabilities
Apply the property that the probabilities of an exhaustive set of outcomes sum to one; apply the property that the probabilities of an exhaustive set of mutually exclusive events sum to one
Apply systematic listing strategies
Record, describe and analyse the frequency of outcomes of probability experiments using frequency trees
Enumerate sets and combinations of sets systematically using tables, grids and Venn diagrams
Construct theoretical possibility spaces for combined experiments with equally likely outcomes and use these to calculate theoretical probabilities
Apply ideas of randomness, fairness and equally likely events to calculate expected outcomes of multiple future experiments Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions (such as 3.5 and $7 / 2$ or 0.375 or 3/8) Interpret fractions and percentages as operators
Work with percentages greater than $100 \%$
Solve problems involving percentage change, including original value problems, and simple interest including in financial mathematics
Calculate exactly with fractions
Express the division of a quantity into two parts as a ratio; apply ratio to real contexts and problems (such as those involving conversion, comparison, scaling, mixing, concentrations)
Identify and work with fractions in ratio problems
Understand and use proportion as equality of ratios
Express a multiplicative relationship between two quantities as a ratio or a fraction
Use compound units (such as speed, rates of pay, unit pricing)
Change freely between compound units (e.g. speed, rates of pay, prices) in numerical contexts
relate ratios to fractions and to linear functions
Compare lengths, areas and volumes using ratio notation
Calculate perimeters of 2D shapes, including circles
Identify and apply circle definitions and properties, including: centre, radius, chord, diameter, circumference
Know the formula: circumference of a circle $=2 \pi r=\pi \mathrm{d}$, area of a circle $=\pi \mathrm{r}^{2}$
Calculate areas of a circle and composite shapes
Know and apply formula to calculate volume of right prisms (including cylinders)
Understand and use alternate and corresponding angles on parallel lines
$\leq$
Derive and use sum of angles in a triangle (e.g. to deduce and use the angle sum in any polygon, and to derive properties of regular polygons)

